BOSNIA AND HERZEGOVINA AGENCY FOR STATISTICS OF BOSNIA AND HERZEGOVINA





Users are kindly requested to mention the data source

YEAR XIII SARAJEVO, 06.01.2020. NUMBER 10

TOURISM STATISTICS

Cumulative data, January - November 2019

In the period from January – November 2019 tourists realised 1,544,452 tourists arrivals which represent the increase by 12.0% and 3,178,416 overnight stays which is increase by 10.7% as compared to the same period of 2018.

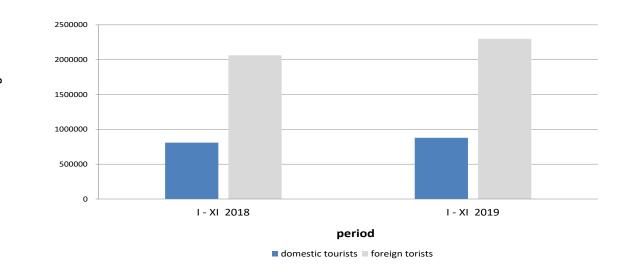
The number of domestic tourist nights increased by 8.7% and number of foreign tourist nights increased by 11.5% as compared to the same period of 2018. Domestic tourist's share of total number of overnight stays was 27.6% and foreign tourists share was 72.4%.

Concerning the structure of foreign tourist nights, most of them (63.0%) were realised by tourists from Croatia (12.2%), Serbia (8.2%), Saudi Arabia (6.8%), China and Slovenia (each 5.2%), Germany and Italy (each 5.0%), Turkey (4.7%), United Arab Emirates (3.9%), Poland (3.8%) and USA (3.0%). Tourists from other countries realised 37.0% of tourist nights.

Regarding the average detention of foreign tourist stays, on the first place comes Malta with average stay of 4.7 nights, Kuweit with 3.4 nights, Ireland with 3.2 nights and Island with 3.0 nights.

According to the type of accommodation facility the highest number of nights was recorded in Hotels and similar accommodation with share of 92.3%.

Tourists nights, January - November 2018. and 2019.



number of nights

Table1: Tourist arrivals and nights

	ARRIVALS				NIGHTS	I - XI 2019		
	I - XI 2018	I - XI 2019	Indices <u>I -XI 2019</u> I -XI 2018	I - XI 2018	I - XI 2019	Indices <u>I -XI 2019</u> I -XI 2018	Structure of nights %	Average number of nights by arrivals
TOTAL	1,378,542	1,544,452	112.0	2,871,004	3,178,416	110.7	100.0	2,1
Domestic tourist	375,125	403,231	107.5	808,766	878,793	108.7	27,6	2,2
Foreign tourist	1,003,417	1,141,221	113.7	2,062,238	2,299,623	111.5	72.4	2.0

Foreign tourist nights by country of residence, January November 2018. and 2019.

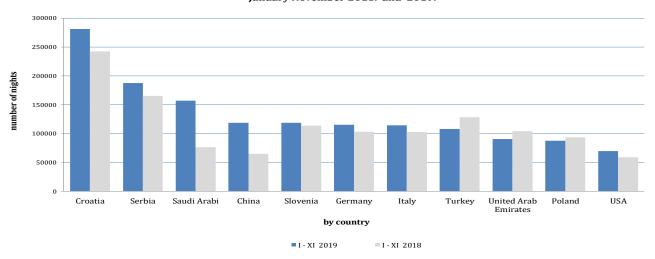


Table 2: Foreign tourist arrivals and nights by country of residence

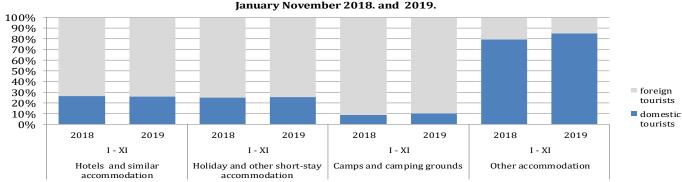
	ARRIVALS				NIGHTS	I - XI 2019		
	I - XI 2018	I - XI 2019	Indices <u>I -XI 2019</u> I -XI 2018	I - XI 2018	I - XI 2019	Indices <u>I -XI 2019</u> I -XI 2018	Structure of nights %	Average number of nights by arrivals
TOTAL	1,003,417	1,141,221	113.7	2,062,238	2,299,623	111.5	100.0	2.0
Albania	4,429	4,560	103.0	7,727	8,558	110.8	0.4	1,9
Austria	25,060	26,111	104.2	48,373	48,830	100.9	2,1	1,9
Belgium	6,407	7,222	112.7	15,273	16,849	110.3	0.7	2,3
Bulgaria	6,339	7,517	118.6	11,465	13,587	118.5	0.6	1,8
Montenegro	15,393	16,879	109.7	33,906	36,478	107.6	1,6	2,2
Czech Republic	5,794	8,838	152.5	11,558	16,529	143.0	0.7	1,9
Denmark	5,589	6,768	121.1	14,490	16,203	111.8	0.7	2,4
Estonia	554	552	99.6	1,345	1,286	95.6	0.1	2,3
Finland	2,345	3,541	151.0	4,425	7,965	180.0	0.3	2,2
France	20,022	19,929	99.5	60,619	54,879	90.5	2,4	2,8
Greece	6,115	6,260	102.4	12,624	12,431	98.5	0.5	2.0
Netherlands	15,327	16,590	108.2	39,478	40,237	101.9	1,7	2,4
Croatia	104,734	123,178	117.6	242,436	281,144	116,0	12,2	2,3
Ireland	5,518	4,719	85.5	20,233	15,103	74,6	0.7	3,2
Iceland	327	471	144.0	1,008	1411	140,0	0.1	3.0

(continued on next page)

		ARRIVALS			NIGHTS	(continued)		
	I - XI 2018	I - XI 2019	Indices <u>I -XI 2019</u> I -XI 2018	I - XI 2018	I - XI 2019	Indices <u>I -XI 2019</u> I -XI 2018	Structure of nights %	Average number of nights by arrivals
Italy	43,396	46,136	106.3	102,863	114,388	111.2	5.0	2,5
Cyprus	848	822	96.9	1,480	1,146	77.4	0.0	1,4
Latvia	681	794	116.6	1,490	1,982	133.0	0.1	2,5
Lithuania	1,199	1,368	114.1	1,756	2,749	156.5	0.1	2.0
Luxembourg	600	757	126.2	1,293	1,583	122.4	0.1	2,1
Hungary	14,538	17,335	119.2	26,380	30,800	116.8	1,3	1,8
Malta	548	469	85.6	2,889	2,191	75.8	0.1	4,7
Norway	4,572	4,759	104.1	10,415	10,905	104.7	0.5	2,3
Germany	48,746	54,365	111.5	103,358	115,243	111.5	5.0	2,3 2,1
Poland	39,267	37,125	94.5	93,729	87,646	93.5	3,8	2,1
Portugal	2,959	3,750	126.7	5,052	5,337	105.6	0.2	1,4
Romania	6,314	6,034	95.6	15,405	12,122	78.7	0.5	
Russian Federation	5,411	6,374	117.8	11,372	13,001	114.3	0.5	2.0
	I '	9,618	117.5		18,721	109.0		2.0
Southern Macedonia 1) Slovakia	8,184 3,960		107.3	17,179 7,600	9,018	118.7	0.8	1,9
		4,249					0.4	2,1
Slovenia	60,791	63,219	104.0	113,882	118,723	104.3	5,2	1,9
Serbia	82,054	94,426	115.1	165,324	187,695	113.5	8,2	2.0
Spain	14,090	17,254	122.5	24,732	29,959	121.1	1,3	1,7
Switzerland (including Liechtenstein)	10,307	11,673	113.3	21,062	25,160	119.5	1,1	2,2
Sweden	12,053	13,276	110.1	28,154	29,668	105.4	1,3	2,2
Turkey	83,696	69,059	82.5	128,615	108,213	84.1	4,7	1,6
United Kingdom	13,838	14,684	106.1	31,708	34,78	109.7	1,5	2,4
Ukraine	1,738	2,005	115.4	3,938	5,351	135.9	0.2	2,7
Other European countries	3,428	3,242	94.6	8,075	8,681	107.5	0.4	2,7
Egypt	781	1,170	149.8	2,294	3,244	141.4	0.1	2,8
South Africa	754	649	86.1	1,641	1,387	84.5	0.1	2,1
Other African countries	1,967	2,521	128.2	7,281	7,700	105.8	0.3	3,1
Canada	6,706	7,564	112.8	12,530	15,312	122.2	0.7	2.0
USA	27,510	32,952	119.8	58,975	69,952	118.6	3.0	2,1
Other Northern American countries	927	929	100.2	2,038	2,104	103.2	0.1	2,3
Brazil	3,908	5,674	145.2	7,011	11,021	157.2	0.5	1,9
Other Southern and Central American countries	6,715	7,218	107.5	12,332	14,684	119.1	0.6	2.0
Bahrain	6,971	7,566	108.5	19,655	21,305	108.4	0.9	2,8
India	2,359	2,323	98.5	5,110	4,949	96.8	0.2	2,1
Iran	868	531	61.2	2,062	1,430	69.4	0.1	2,7
Israel	7,837	6,685	85.3	20,617	15,798	76.6	0.7	2,4
Japan	7,683	10,450	136.0	10,323	13,797	133.7	0.6	1,3
Republic of Korea	44,557	40,713	91.4	49,656	46,458	93.6	2.0	1,1
Qatar	3,671	4,312	117.5	12,078	12,349	102.2	0.5	2,9
China	56,680	100,442	177.2	64,743	119,025	183.8	5,2	1,2
Kuwait	8,118	8,220	101.3	29,102	28,293	97.2	1,2	3,4
Malaysia	16,424	16,602	101.1	21,294	21,273	99.9	0.9	1,3
Oman	11,214	9,716	86.6	27,729	23,471	84.6	1.0	2,4
Saudi Arabia	30,652	65,447	213.5	76,833	156,973	204.3	6,8	2,4
United Arab Emirates	33,866	31,176	92.1	104,380	90,833	87.0	3,9	2,9
Other Asian countries	24,773	31,055	125.4	40,981	49,528	120.9	2,2	1,6
Australia	9,092	9,65	106.1	17,336	19,05	109.9	0.8	2.0
New Zealand	1,280	1,275	99.6	2,130	2,455	115.3	0.1	1,9
Other countries of Oceania	933	453	48.6	1,396	680	48.7	0.0	1,5

1) before FYR of Macedonia

Structure of tourists nights according to the classification of activity $_{1)}$, January November 2018. and 2019.



period

Table 3 : Tourist arrivals and nights according to the classification of activities $^{1)}$

		ARRIVALS			I-XI 2019		
	I - XI 2018	I - XI 2019	Indices <u>I -XI 2019</u> I -XI 2018	I - XI 2018	I-XI 2019	Indices <u>I -XI 2019</u> I -XI 2018	Structure of nights
TOTAL	1,378,542	1,544,452	112.0	2,871,004	3,178,416	110.7	100.0
Hotels and similar accommodation	1,286,732	1,458,350	113.3	2,614,349	2,932,788	112.2	92.3
Holiday and other short-stay accommodation	53,994	58,118	107.6	118,474	126,086	106.4	4.0
Camps and camping grounds	14,387	16,772	116.6	24,440	27,720	113.4	0.9
Other accommodation	23,429	11,212	47.9	113,741	91,822	80.7	2,9
Domestic tourists	375,125	403,231	107.5	808,766	878,793	108.7	27,6
Hotels and similar accommodation	340,476	373,683	109.8	686,506	765,366	111.5	24,1
Holiday and other short-stay accommodation	16,428	18,362	111.8	29,762	32,259	108.4	1.0
Camps and camping grounds	1,696	2,008	118.4	2,199	2,871	130.6	0.1
Other accommodation	16,525	9,178	55.5	90,299	78,297	86.7	2,5
Foreign tourist	1,003,417	1,141,221	113.7	2,062,238	2,299,623	111.5	72.4
Hotels and similar accommodation	946,256	1,084,667	114.6	1,927,843	2,167,422	112.4	68.2
Holiday and other short-stay accommodation	37,566	39,756	105.8	88,712	93,827	105.8	3.0
Camps and camping grounds	12,691	14,764	116.3	22,241	24,849	111.7	0.8
Other accommodation	6,904	2,034	29,5	23,442	13,525	57.7	0.4

 $^{^{1)}}$ The Classification of Economic Activities of BiH 2010

NOTES ON METHODOLOGY

The purpose of the statistical survey

The purpose of the statistical survey is to monitor the tourist activity realised in commercial accommodation establishments and to provide internationally comparable BiH's statistics of tourism in accordance with current EU ons for the tourism statistics.

Observation units

Observation units are all business entities /legal units which are, by the main activity, registered in accommodation activity (division 55 - KD BiH 2010), persons as well as households that rent accommodation establishments to tourists. For the purpose of the survey, Classification of Activities in Bosnia and Herzegovina - KD BiH 2010 was used, and it is fully compliant with the European Classification of Economic Activities - NACE Rev. 2.

Coverage

Reporting units are all business entities (enterprises, entrepreneurs, institutions, associations etc.) and parts thereof engaged in providing accommodation servi in tourism registered according to the CA BiH 2010 under section: 55.1 (hotels and similar accommodation), 55.2 (holiday and other short - stay accommodation), 55.3 (camps and camping grounds), 55.9 (other accommodation), health institutions for their facilities in which persons stay for medical rehabilitation (costs are on persons themselves), business entities and parts thereof engaged in tourist stay in rural households, houses, camps, apartments and rooms directly rented by private persons/households. Survey covers the entire territory of Bosnia and Herzegovina.

Source and methods of data collection

Data on turnover of tourists (number of tourist arrivals and tourist nights) are collected from regular monthly report (TU-11 form). Reports are usually made on the basis of reception records in guest books, entities and their parts engaged in organising and arranging of tourists.

Definitions

Tourism means the activity of visitors taking a trip to a main destination outside their usual environment for less than a year, for leisure, business or other personal purpose other than to be employed by a resident entity in the place visited.

Tourist is every person who, outside his place of permanent residence, spends one night in a hotel or some other accommodation facility for reasons of rest, recreation, health, study, sport, religion, family, business, public tasks or meeting.

Residence is a place where a person came with the intention of permanent stay. Tourist is registered in every place or establishment where he stays and, therefore, in case he/she changes the place or establishment, he/she must register again, which results in data ambiguity. Consequently, the statistics register the number of tourist arrivals and not the number of tourists.

Domestic tourist is a person with permanent residence in the BiH who spends at least one night in a hotel or same other accommodation establishment outside their place or residence.

Foreign tourist is every person with permanent residence outside in BiH who temporarily resides in BiH and who spends at least one night in a hotel or same other accommodation establishment.

Symbols

- no occurrence

0,0 value not zero but less than 0,05 unit of measure use

Published and printed by the Agency for Statistics of the Bosnia and Herzegovina, 71000 Sarajevo, Zelenih beretki 26

Phone: +387 (33) 911 911 · Telefax: +387 (33) 220 622

E-mail: bhas@bhas.gov.ba' Web site: http://www.bhas.gov.ba

Person responsible: Dr.Sc. Velimir Jukić, director

Prepared by: Ms. Jasmina Omić

First Release data are also published on the Internet